## **2024 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report**

#### **Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)**

PWS ID Number: TX1210020

PWS Name: HOLMWOOD ANGELINA & NECHES RIVER AUTHORITY

- Annual Water Quality Report for the period of January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2024.
- This report is intended to provide you with important information about your drinking water and the efforts made by the water system to provide safe drinking water.
- Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

For more information regarding this report, contact:

Angelina & Neches River Authority (ANRA) Mr. Kelley Holcomb - (936) 632-7795

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (800) 282-5634.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline ((800) 426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing

The source of drinking water for Holmwood Utilities is groundwater from its well #3 (Holmes Plant/Hwy 777) located in Jasper, Texas. The source is the Jasper aquifer.

your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

#### Information on Sources of Drinking Water:

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Water System ID: TX1210020

#### **Information about Source Water Assessments**

TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system, contact Mr. Kelley Holcomb at (936) 632-7795.

For more information about your sources of water, please refer to the Source Water Assessment Viewer available at the following URL: https://www.tceq.texas.gov/gis/swaview

Further details about sources and source-water assessments are available in Drinking Water Watch at the following URL: http://dww2.tceq.texas.gov/DWW/

## **Public Participation Opportunities**

To learn more about future public meetings concerning your drinking water, please call or contact:

Angelina & Neches River Authority

Next Regularly Scheduled Board Meeting:

Contact: Mr. Kelley Holcomb Date: August 5, 2025

2901 N. John Redditt Drive Time: 9:00 AM

Lufkin, Texas 75904 Place: ANRA Office

**Phone: (936) 632-7795** 2901 N. John Redditt Drive

Lufkin, Texas 75904

ANRA also welcomes public comments in writing mailed to:

**Angelina & Neches River Authority** 

2901 N. John Redditt Drive

Lufkin, Texas 75904

The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation. Please find below a list of definitions and abbreviations to aid in understanding the results provided.

Avg:	9	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.								
Maximum Co	Contaminant Level	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.								
Maximum Co	Contaminant Level Goal	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.								
Maximum Roor MRDL:	Residual Disinfectant Level	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.								
Maximum Roor MRDLG:	Residual Disinfectant Level Goal	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.								
Action Level Goal or ALG:		The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.								
Action Level:		The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.								
Level 1 Assessment:		A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.								
Level 2 Asse	essment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.								
MFL: m	nillion fibers per liter (a measure	of asbestos)	ppb:	micrograms per liter or parts per billion—or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water						
<u>na</u> : no	not applicable		<u>ppm</u> :	milligrams per liter or parts per million—or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water						
	nillirems per year (a measure of absorbed by the body)	radiation	ppt:	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)						
<u>NTU</u> : no	nephelometric turbidity units (a r	measure of turbidity)	<u>ppq</u> :	parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)						
<u>pCi/L</u> : pi	picocuries per liter (a measure of	radioactivity)	<u>Treatment Technique</u> <u>or TT:</u>	a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water						

Water System ID: TX1210020

## **2024 Water Quality Test Results**

## **Lead and Copper**

Lead and Copper	<u>Date</u> <u>Sampled</u>	<u>MCLG</u>	Action Level (AL)	<u>90th</u> <u>Percentile</u>	# Sites over AL	<u>Units</u>	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	09/16/2022	1.3	1.3	0.14	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	09/16/2022	0	15	0.9	0	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

## **Regulated Contaminants**

Radioactive Contaminants	<u>Collection</u> <u>Date</u>	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	<u>MCLG</u>	MCL	<u>Units</u>	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Combined Radium 226/228	03/29/2022	1.5	1.5 - 1.5	0	5	pCi/L	N	Erosion of natural deposits.
Beta/photon emitters	03/29/2022	8.9	8.9 - 8.9	0	50	pCi/L*	N	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.

<sup>\*</sup>EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the level of concern for beta particles.

Inorganic Contaminants	<u>Collection</u> <u>Date</u>	Highest Level or Average Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	<u>Units</u>	<u>Violation</u>	<u>Likely Source of Contamination</u>
Barium	05/05/2021	0.0587	0.0587 - 0.0587	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.

# **2024 Water Quality Test Results**

#### **Disinfectant Residual**

<u>Disinfectant Residual</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Average</u> <u>Level</u>	Range of Levels Detected	MRDL	MRDLG	<u>Unit of</u> <u>Measure</u>	<u>Violation</u>	Source in Drinking Water
Chlorine	2024	2.02	1.0 - 3.7	4.0	4.0	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

## **Alert Notification System**

Holmwood Utilities is now offering an alert notification service to all of its water customers. This service will allow customers to be notified by text message of important information pertaining to the water system. Types of alerts that will be sent using this service include, but are not limited to, boil water notices, scheduled maintenance or repair activities, water conservation notices, and any other situations that might result in interruption of service. Customers can register for this service at no additional cost and it can be cancelled at anytime; however, standard cellular message and data rates from your service provider may apply. **To sign up for these alert notifications, text " HMU " to (800) 282-5634.**